PATENT SPECIFICATION

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Composition for Making a Coating on Human Tissue

I, GUSTAVE GIRARDIERE, a Citizen of the French Republic, of 13 Rue du Belvèdére, Boulogne-sur Seine (Seine) in France, do hereby declare the invention for which I, pray that a patent may be granted to me, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-

This invention relates to a composition for 10 making a coating on human tissue. expression "making a coating on human tissue" includes for example applying a medicament to wounded tissue.

For cutaneous application of active therapeutic or cosmetic substances, carriers have been used in liquid or aerosol form. carriers have the disadvantage that they disappear rapidly, by rubbing or evaporation, and frequently necessitate the use of com-20 presses or dressings. The action of the active substance is thus rapidly reduced since in most cases air causes their deterioration or destruction.

An object of the present invention is to 25 provide an improved method of applying an active substance which is not readily destroyed in contact with the tissue.

According to this invention there is provided a composition for making a coating 30 on human tissue so as to apply thereto an active substance, the composition comprising: - the active substance, a first solution of a water-soluble aliginate and a second solution of an appropriate metal salt which is capable of coagulating the alginate, such that when the solutions are separately applied to the tissue the alginate is coagulated to make

The active substance may be incorporated in the first solution or in the second. the active substance is not incorporated in the alginate solution or the metal salt solution, it may be separately applied for gravity of 1.325 and pure butane having a

example by spraying, painting, or by hypodermic injection. The active substances may be incorporated in a third solution.

It is known that sodium alginate reacts with some calcium salts, for example the chloride, to form a coagulated substance which can be put into the form of for example foam, filament, cotton wool, or gauze, and then utilized in that form.

In the method of the invention there can be used alginate of sodium, potassium ammonium, lithium, magnesium, triethanol. amine or propylene glycol and an appropriate salt of a group II metal except magnesium, mercury and radium.

For example, an alginate of potassium will form a coating with strontium chloride. However, there is preferably used an aqueous solution containing between 2 and 4% by volume of sodium alginate and an aqueous solution containing about 1.5% by volume of calcium chloride.

Nitrogen or a Freon can be employed as a propellant gas, this gas being enclosed under pressure with the alignate or the metallic salt (either of which may contain the active substance) in a bottle with a nozzle. The nozzle produces a mist similar to au aerosol, but in which the small drops, in the case of the alginate, are of a size generally larger than 5 microns.

Better and more uniform coatings are obtained when a mixture of gases is utilized as a propulsion agent, the density of which mixture in the liquid phase is substantially the same as that of the substance to be Thus in the use of sodium vaporized. alginate in 3% aqueous solution having a specific gravity of 1.04, the propulsion agent is constituted by a mixture of dichlorodifluoro methane (Freon 12) ("Freon" is a Registered Trade Mark) having a specific 85

[Price 4s. 6d.]

of flask B is then sprayed on and a last specific gravity of 0.577, in proportion by volume of 62% Freon 12 to 38% pure layer is made with flask A. Finally, the whole is coagulated in order to obtain a butane. Atomization of this mixture procoating, by means of a layer sprayed from vides fine, uniform droplets of sodium alginate solution, which result in the formation flask C. Depending on the nature of the wounds, of a uniform layer. the coating will eliminate itself or it can quite easily be removed. Any fragments As the active substance, there may be used therapeutic or cosmetic substances, for Any fragments. which are not completely re-absorbed can be example antibiotics, cortisone, antiseptics, 10 sulphonamides, microbic substances, for example bacilli or cocci, viruses, and other covered by a fresh coating. EXAMPLE 2 Other active substances micro-organisms. Treatment of dermatosis which can be used are organic tissue extracts, placentae extracts, vegetable extracts, Flask A 40 grams Sodium alginate: 15 finely divided vegetable substances, flower 1000. ml. Distilled water, to make up: petals, vitamins, hormones, royal bee jelly, sea water, plankton, mineral water, beauty Flask B products, beauty masks, and capillary pro-3.50 grams Hydrocortisone acetate: ducts. Calcium chloride: 15 grams Not only does the coating keep the active 5 grams Calcium pantothenate: substance in intimate contact with the tissue Lactic acid, to make up to pH or wound in a better and more convenient 4.5: manner than with compresses, dressings, Distilled water to make up: 1000 ml. creams, and so on, but it also has the benefit of the advantages of the alginate, namely its A thin layer of the contents of flask A is slow diffusion and its haemostatic, cicatrizsprayed over the lesion followed by a layer ing and re-absorbent properties. In addi-These operations are repeated of flask B. tion to its own action, or even without utlizathree times. tion of this action, the alginate can thus play 30 the part of a means of administration of the Example 3 active substance by cutaneous or trans-cutan-Treatment of burns and dermatosis eous methods. Depending on circumstances that is according to the compatibility or incompatibility Flask A 90 40 grams Sodium alginate: 35 of the active substance, the latter may be 1000 ml. applied separately over the tissue or wound Distilled water, to make up: to be treated, in which case it may be sup-Flask B plied from a separate aerosol or other Di-isothionate of bis(aminovaporising bottle, or it may be mixed before-4'-phenoxy)-1.6-hexane 1 gram hand, either with the soluble alginate solu-15 grams Calcium chloride: tion or with a solution of calcium chloride Alcohol (30°) to make up: 1000 mL or other alginate coagulating metal salt. Examples of the invention will now be Using flask A, a layer of about 3 mm in described. thickness is sprayed over the lesion and this layer is coagulated by spraying with the EXAMPLE 1 45 100 contents of flask B. Treatment of burns Depending on the nature of the wounds, the coating obtained will eliminate itself or Flask A it may be very easily removed. Any frag-40 grams Sodium alginate: ments which are still not wholly re-absorbed Distilled water to make up: 1000 ml. may be covered by a fresh coating. 50 Flask B Example 4 0.15 grams Neomycin: Treatment of vaginitis and leucorrhea 10 ml. to be diluted in distilled water: DODERLEIN bacillus in pure Flask C 110 50 millions culture: 15 grams Calcium chloride: 25 grams Sodium alginate: 55 Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml. 1000 ml. Distilled water, to make up: There is sprayed over the lesion a thin layer of the alginate solution of flask A. Flask B

Half of the contents of flask B is then sprayed

over the first layer, after which a further

The remainder

60 layer is made with flask A.

Lactic acid, to make up to pH=5.5

Distilled water, to make up:

Calcium chloride:

15 grams

1000 ml.

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	Part of the contents of flask A is applied by spraying. The layer thus sprayed is coagulated by means of flask B. The	Re-hydration treatment for dry skins	55	
5	DODERLEIN bacilli develop inside the coating of calcium alginate and thus act more effectively against the opposing microorganisms.	France of fresh march and a ger	60	
10	EXAMPLE 5 Treatment of irritated, blotchy or sun-	1000 grams		
	burnt skin	plus a sufficient quantity of stabilizing and anti-fermentation agent.		
15	Apricot juice: 275 grams Tomato juice: 350 grams Carrot juice: 350 grams Sodium alginate: 25 grams.	Calcium chloride: 15 grams	65	
,	Flask B Calcium chloride: 15 grams Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml.	spraying from aerosol flask B containing a	70	
20	the sodium alginate. The alginate solu- tion obtained is filtered, stabilized, and put into an aerosol flask with a "Freon" or	mask is left on the skin for from 30 minutes to two hours.		
25	nitrogen as the propellent gas. This pre- paration is sprayed on to the skin from the	Treatment for removing wrinkles	75	
	flask. A coating or mask is formed on the skin by coagulating this preparation by means of aerosol flask B containing the solution of 1.5% of calcium chloride. The mask is left on the skin at least 30 minutes.	Flask A Mink oil: 30 grams	80	
	EXAMPLE 6 Treatment for improving flabby and distended skin	Flask B Calcium chloride: 15 grams Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml.	-	
35	Flask A Juice of acid cherries: 290 grams	The oil is emulsified by the action of the sodium alginate. The solution obtained is filtered and stabilized and is then put into	85	
	Strawberry juice: 585 grams Finely divided wheat foundation: 100 grams Sodium alginate: 25 grams	as the propellent gas. This solution is sprayed over the face. A coating or mask	90	
40	1000 grams	is formed by coagulating this preparation by spraying from the second aerosol flask B. The mask is left on the skin for at least 30 minutes.		
	Flask B Calcium chloride: 15 grams Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml.	Example 9 Depilatory treatment	95	
	The fruit inion on 1	Flask A		
45	The fruit juices are employed as solvents for the sodium alginate. The alginate solution obtained is filtered, stabilized and put into an aerosol flask with a "Freon" or	Calcium sulphide: 80 grams Sodium alginate: 25 grams Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml.	100	
50	or introgen as the propellent gas. This preparation is sprayed over the face from the flask. A coating or mask is formed by coagulating this preparation by spraying from aerosol flask R companing	Flask B Calcium chloride: 15 grams Calcium hydrosulphide: 25 grams Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml.		
	the 1.5% solution of calcium chloride. The mask is left on the skin at least 30 minutes.	A suspension of calcium sulphide is mixed little by little with the solution of sodium	105	

alginate. No reaction is produced. This solution is sprayed on to the portion to be depilated, and the coating is coagulated by spraying from flask b.

The coating is left on the skin for from ten to thirty minutes.

Example 10 Treatment for re-growth of hair

10	Flask A Neutral quinine sulphate: Emulsified lecithin: Sodium alginate: Distilled water, to make up:	15 grams 60 grams 25 grams 1000 ml.
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Flask B
5 Spirit of juniperus oxycedrus: 300 grams
Calcium chloride: 15 grams
Distilled water, to make up: 1000 ml.

A layer about 3 mm. thick is sprayed over the place in which it is desired to ensure: re-growth of hair, by spraying from the flask A. This preparation is coagulated by spraying from the flask B. The coating is left on the skin for at least two hours.

WHAT I CLAIM IS:-

25 1. A composition for making a coating on human tissue so as to apply thereto an active substance, the composition comprising the active substance, a first solution of a water-soluble alginate and a second solu-

30 tion of an appropriate metal salt which is capable of coagulating the alginate, such that when the solutions are separately applied to the tissue the alginate is coagulated to make the coating.

 A composition according to claim 1 wherein the active substance is incorporated in the first solution.

 A composition according to claim 1 wherein the active substance is incorporated 40 in the second solution.

4. A composition according to claim 1

further comprising a third solution containing the active substance.

5. A composition according to any of claims 2 to 4 wherein the active substance is a medicament.

6. A composition according to any of claims 2 to 4 wherein the active substance is a cosmetic substance.

7. A composition according to any preceding claim wherein the alginate is selected from the alginates of sodium, potassium, lithium, magnesium, triethanol amine, and propylene glycol.

8. A composition according to any preceding claim wherein the metal salt is a metal of Group II of the Periodic table, except magnesium, mercury and radium.

9. A composition according to claim 7 wherein the first solution contains 2 to 4 grams sodium alginate to 100 ml. water.

10. A composition according to claim 8 wherein the second solution contains 1.5 grams calcium chloride to 100 ml. water.

11. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein the active substance includes at least one of the following: — an antibiotic, an antiseptic, cortisone, bacilli, cocci, a sulphonamide, a vegetable extract, plankton, and a mineral water.

12. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein the active substance includes at least one of the following:—a substance for treating flabby skin, a rehydrating agent, an anti-wrinkle agent, a depilatory agent, and a capillary agent.

13. A composition according to any preceding claim wherein the solutions are contained in separate aerosol flasks.

14. A composition substantially as herein described, with reference to any of the examples.

WITHERS & SPOONER, Chartered Patent Agents, 148—150, Holborn, London, E.C.1. Agents for the Applicant.

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